

BICA 2016



PlaNeural: Spiking Neural Networks that Plan Ian Mitchell, Chris Huyck & Carl Evans Middlesex University, UK

Aims & Objectives

- Systematic
- Development
- Planning
- Insert into complex agents
- Cell Assembly
- Spiking Neurons
- Maes Networks
- Test
 - Environment 1
 - Environment 2
 - Spiking Raster plots
- Results
- Conclusions
- Future Work

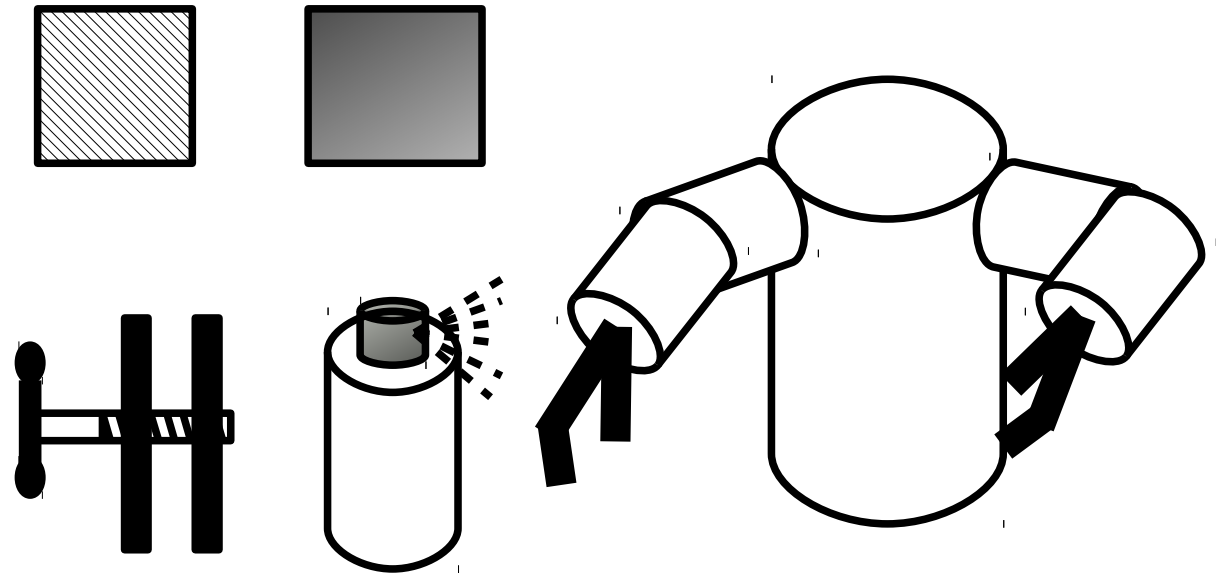
Introduction

- Cell Assembly
 - Population Cells
- PyNN
- Nest
- Neuralensemble.org
- Spinnaker
- Planning
 - Static, no learning yet
 - Maes Networks
 - Complex
 - Graphical | Pattern
 - Developing Cell Assemblies in a Maes Network for planning.

Environment 1 – Maes network Robot[13]

- Robot

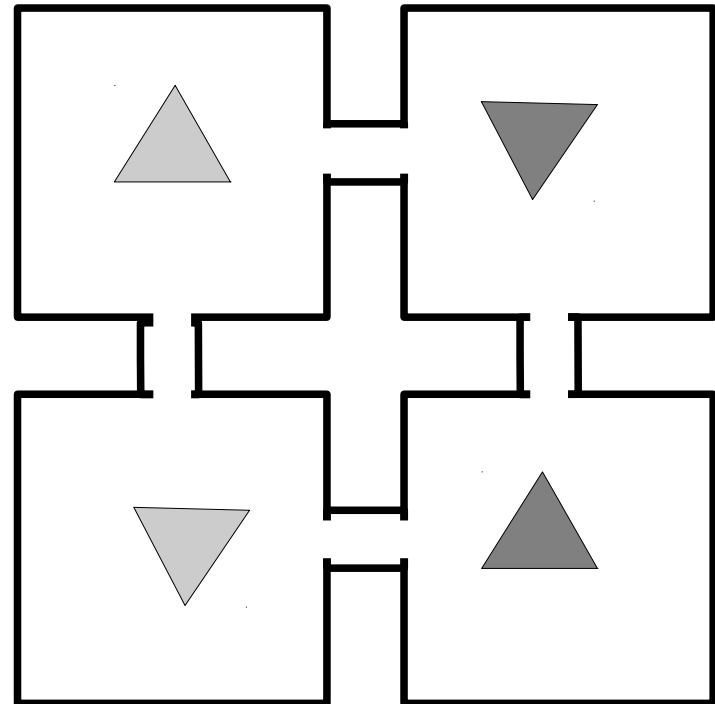
- 2 hands
- Sand paper
- Board
- Spray paint
- Vice



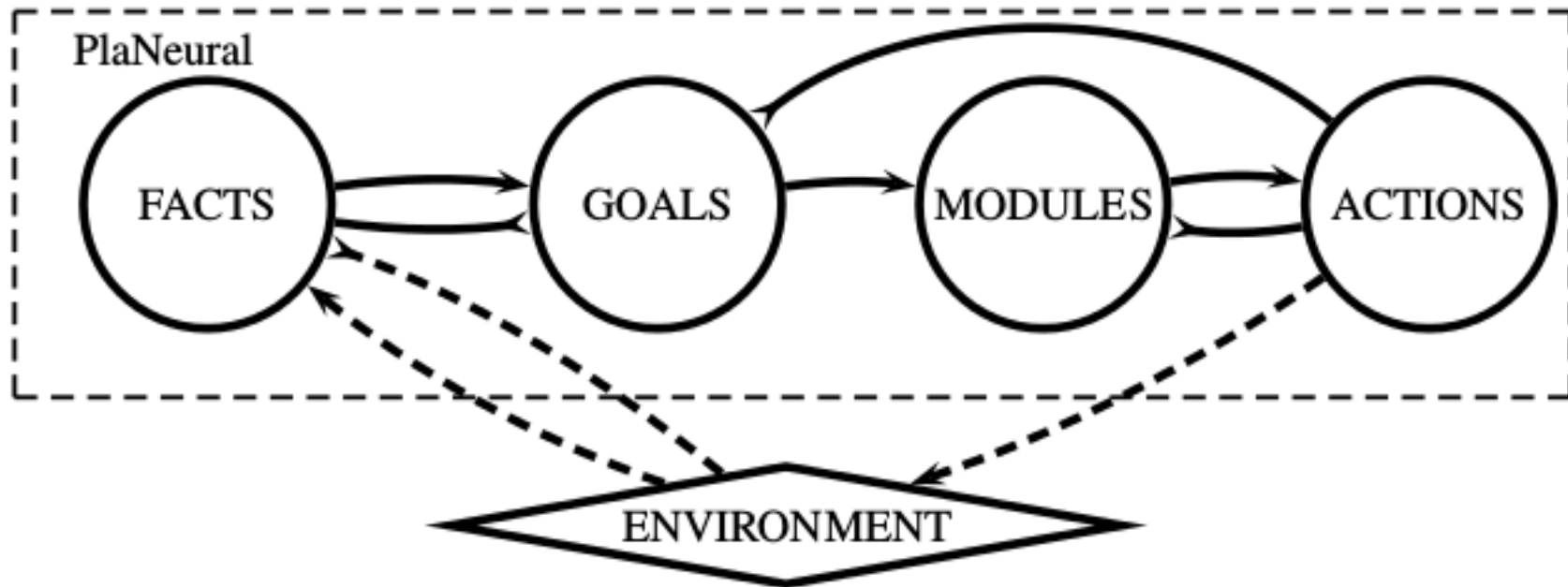
(b)

Environment 2 – Roaming Agent

- 4 rooms
- Different objects
- Plan is to
 - Identify object
 - Go to door
 - Go to room
 - Explore
 - FW, BW, TR, TL



Maes



Development for Environment 1

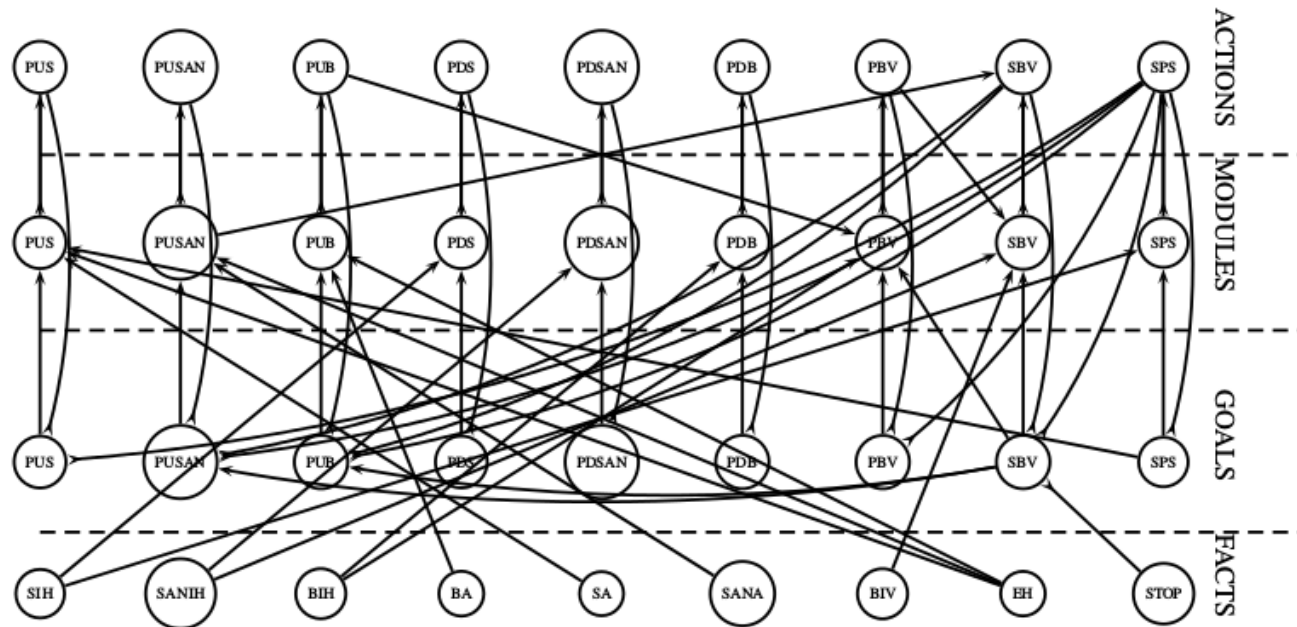


Figure 2: PlaNeural Structure for Robot. Key is referred to Table I

Key	Description	Key	Description	Key	Description
BA	Board Available	PDSAN	Put Down Sander	BIV	Board in Vice
SA	Spray Available	PDS	Put Down Spray	SANIH	Sander in Hand
SANA	Sander Available	PBV	Put Board in Vice	BIH	Board in Hand
PUS	Pick up Spray	SBV	Sand Board in Vice	SIH	Spray in Hand
PUSAN	Pick up Sander	EH	Empty Hand	SPS	Spray Paint Self
PUB	Pick up Board	STOP	Stop	PDB	Put down Board

Table 1: Commands for Maes Robot

Development for Environment 2

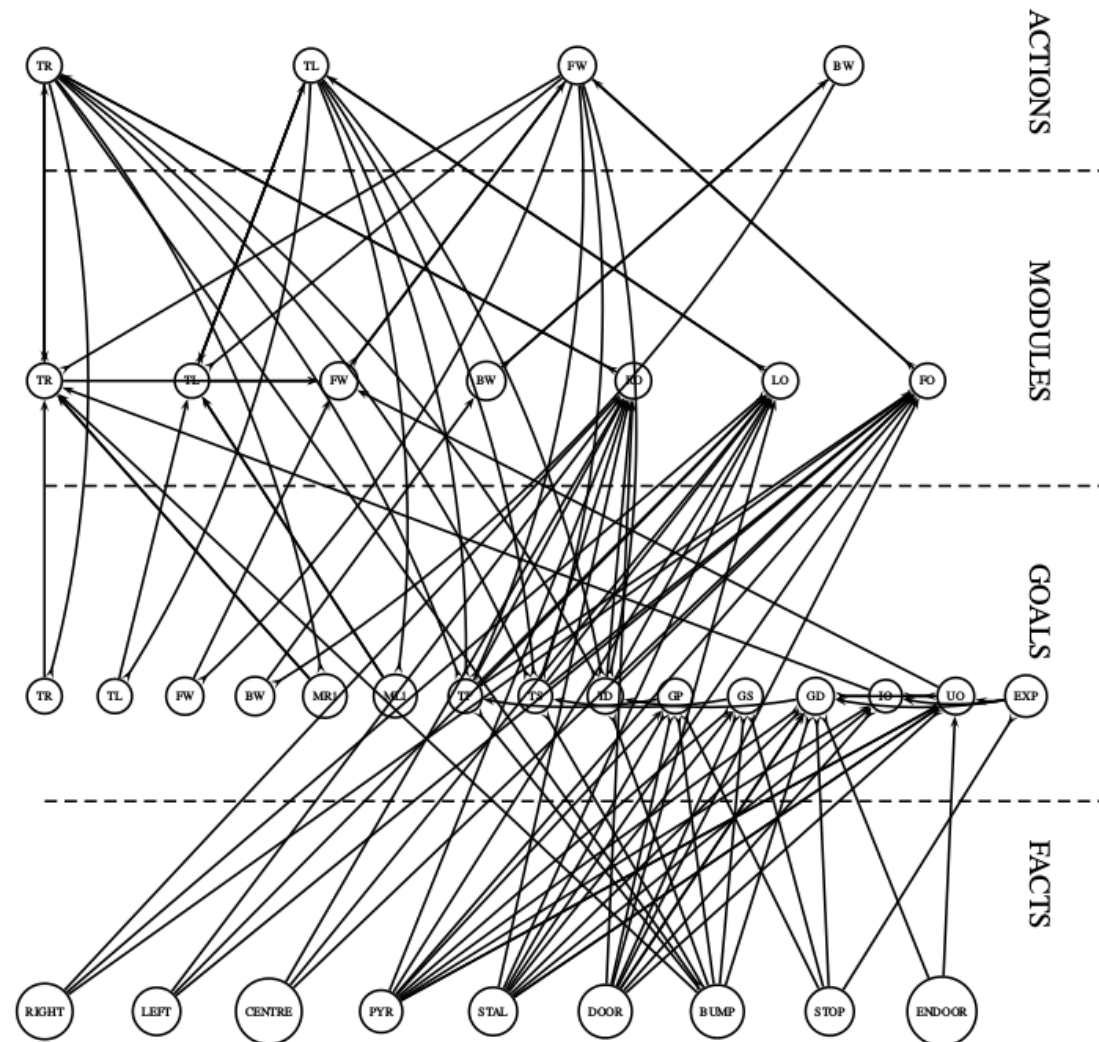
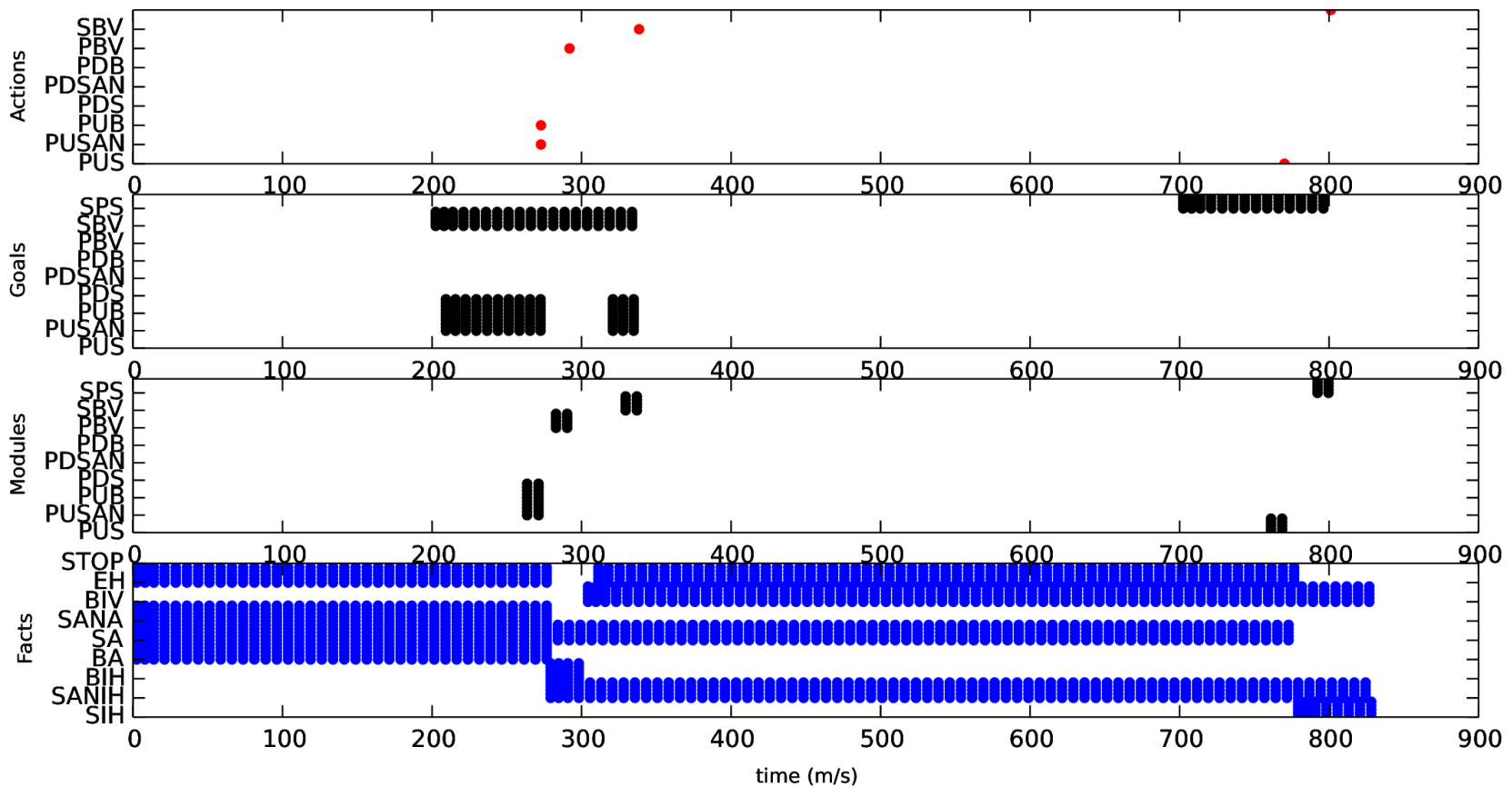
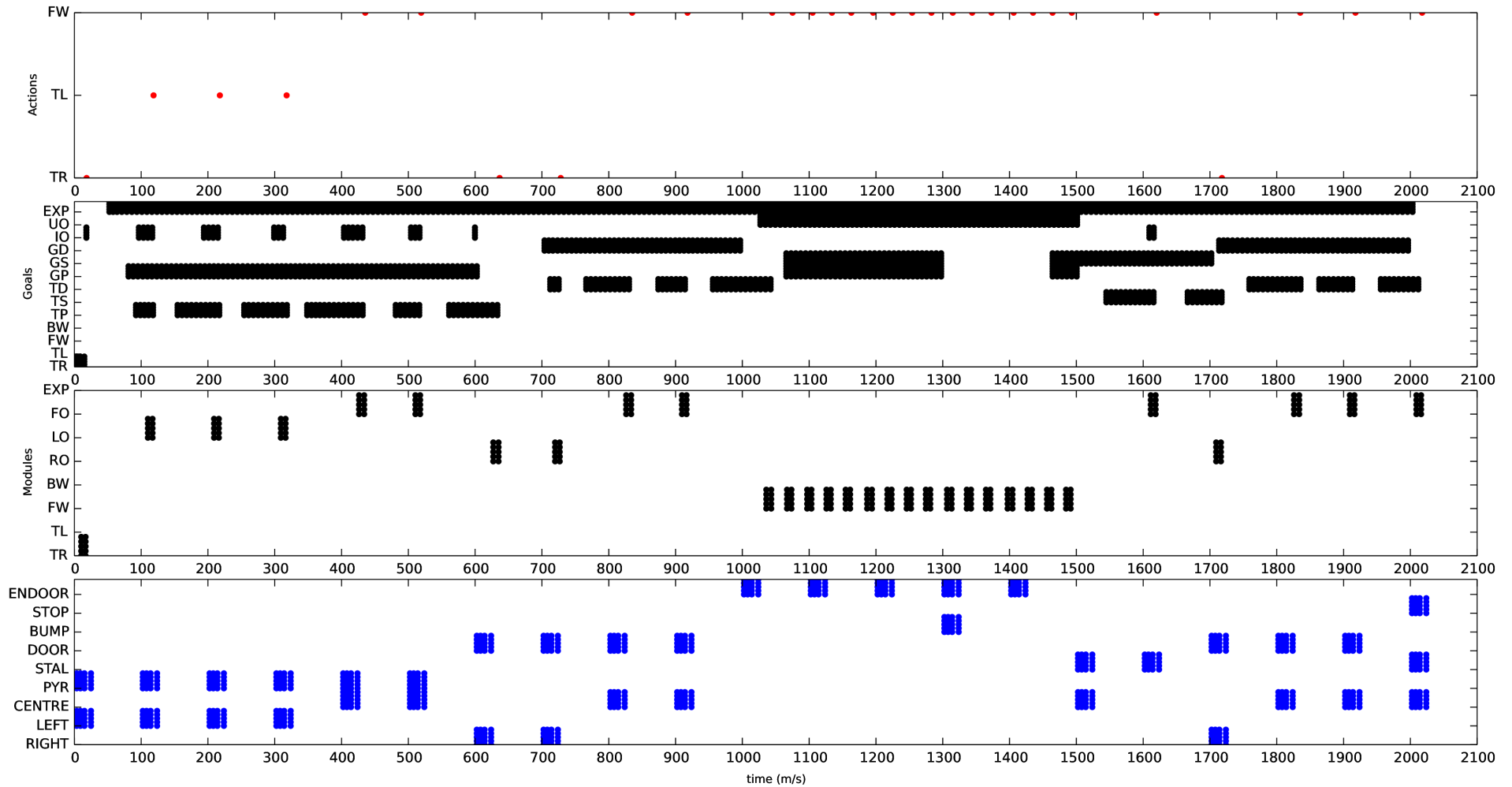


Figure 4: PlaNeural Structure for Neal Robot

Results for Environment 1



Results for Environment 2



Conclusions

- 1. Planning with SNN. The topology describes a network that demonstrates the ability to plan in two environments under two different implementations, Nest and Spinnaker, using the concept of Maes-inspired Networks combined with Cell Assemblies.
- 2. Topology: Systematically building a framework for future agents, has been used in NEAL. This systematic approach will improve areas of planning in the development of agents.

Summary

- Contributions
 - Planning
 - Development
 - Systematic
 - “Spikification”
 - Not visual | logic
 - Planning part of NEAL
 - Neural Embodied Agent that Learns
- Results
 - Works in at least 2 environments
 - Maes
 - Robot
- Future
 - Improve complexity
 - NEAL
 - Learning

Bibliography

- [1] Nick Bostrom. *Superintelligence: Paths, dangers, strategies*. OUP Oxford, 2014.
- [2] R. Brette and W. Gerstner. Adaptive exponential integrate-and-fire model as an effective description of neuronal activity. *J. Neurophysiol.*, 94:3637–3642, 2005.
 - [3] A. Davison, D. Brüderle, J. Eppler, E. Müller, D. Pecevski, L. Perrinet, and P. Yger. PyNN: a common interface for neuronal network simulators. *Frontiers in neuroinformatics*, 2, 2008.
 - [4] C. Eliasmith, T.C. Stewart, X. Choo, T. Bekolay, Y. Tang T. DeWolf, and D. Rasmussen. A large-scale model of the functioning brain. *Science*, 338:1202–1205, 2012.
 - [5] Y. Fan and C. Huyck. Implementation of finite state automata using flif neurons. In *IEEE Systems, Man and Cybernetics Society*, pages 74–78, 2008.
 - [6] S. Furber, D. Lester, L. Plana, J. Garside, E. Painkras, S. Temple, and A. Brown. Overview of the spinnaker system architecture. *IEEE Transactions on Computers*, 62(12):2454–2467, 2013.
 - [7] D. Hebb. *The Organization of Behavior*. John Wiley and Sons, 1949.
 - [8] C. Huyck. A psycholinguistic model of natural language parsing implemented in simulated neurons. *Cognitive Neurodynamics*, 3(4):316–330, 2009.
 - [9] C. Huyck, R. Belavkin, F. Jamshed, K. Nadh, P. Passmore, E. Byrne, and D. Diaper. CABot3: A simulated neural games agent. In *7th Intl Workshop on Neural-Symbolic Learning and Reasoning, NeSYS'11*, pages 500–544, 2011.
 - [10] C. Huyck and I. Mitchell. Post and pre-compensatory Hebbian learning for categorisation. *Computational Neurodynamics*, 8:4:299–311, 2014.
 - [11] C. Huyck and P. Passmore. A review of cell assemblies. *Biological Cybernetics*, 107:3:263–288, 2013.
 - [12] Wolfgang Maass. Networks of spiking neurons: the third generation of neural network models. *Neural networks*, 10(9):1659–1671, 1997.
 - [13] P. Maes. How to do the right thing. *Connection Science*, 1:3:291–323, 1989.